

Entente Fears Italian Alliance With Germany

Giolitti's Policy Threatens to Disrupt Allied Program; Spa Conference Likely To Be Called Off

Situation Alarms France

Millerand May Refuse to Meet Representatives of the New Government

By Arthur S. Draper
Special Cable to The Tribune
LONDON, June 11.—The situation developing in Italy with the return to power of Giovanni Giolitti, former Premier, is being watched here with the greatest interest. Not only may Giolitti as Premier disrupt the Allied plans, but he may force profound changes in the political cast of all Europe.

That veteran Italian pursued the policy identified with his name, Italy may form a treaty of alliance with Germany. Nitti, the retiring Premier, favored a strong agreement with Germany for trading purposes, but Giolitti is bound to go much further in strengthening the bonds between the Rome and Berlin governments.

The French fear Giolitti. He has been a nightmare to them since the outbreak of the war. It is now no longer a question whether the Spa conference between the Allies and the Germans will be held next week or next month. The question has actually arisen whether the French can and will meet the representatives of a Giolitti government.

Giolitti's Health Uncertain
According to reports from Rome, the supporters of Giolitti fear he will be unable to bear the physical strain of leadership, as his health is none too good and he is pretty well advanced in years. His government is expected to contain representatives of all the parties of the left and probably will be a Coalition, which will exclude none but the ultra conservatives and the official Socialists.

LONDON, June 11 (By The Associated Press).—Possibility of the abandonment of the Spa conference between representatives of the Allied governments and Germany is being discussed in European capitals.

The success of the Independent Socialists and the Conservatives in the German elections leads to the belief in France that Germany is less than ever inclined to carry out the treaty. This belief, with the prospect that Giovanni Giolitti, former Italian Premier, will form a new ministry in that country, is said to have moved Premier Millerand, of France, to oppose any further yielding on the question of the German indemnity, such as might be expected to result from the Spa meeting. It is recalled that Signor Giolitti opposed Italy's entrance into the war, and it is said his foreign policy includes resumption of full relations with Germany.

Millerand Fears Reaction
Premier Millerand is said to feel he might hazard his own position if the Spa conference should be held, and belief is expressed here that Signor Giolitti may decline to attend the meeting. Signor Giolitti, according to a Central News dispatch from Rome, has approached the Socialists with a view to the formation of a coalition government whose foreign policy, he said, would not differ materially from that of the late government. The Socialists, however, are reported to have refused to cooperate.

President Ebert has asked Chancellor Mueller to form a new Cabinet, according to a Berlin dispatch to "The Times." The Chancellor will try to secure the cooperation of the Independent Socialists in the new government. It is said, falling in this he will abandon the task.

Corean Plot Discovered

Murder of Three and Bombing of Tokio Offices Planned
HONOLULU, T. H., June 11.—The Japanese secret service has uncovered a plot by Koreans against the lives of the recently married Prince Li, of Corea, and Princess Masako and Baron Saito, according to a Tokio cablegram to "Nippu Jiji," the Japanese language newspaper here.

The alleged plot, which included the bombing of the foreign and interior offices of the Tokio police bureau, was intended as a protest against the marriage of Prince Li, the dispatch stated. Two Japanese, believed to have been implicated, have been arrested.

General Porter Improving

Physicians Much Encouraged by Veteran's Progress
General Horace Porter, who was operated upon a week ago at his home, 27 Madison Avenue, is steadily improving, it was said last night, and his physicians are much encouraged. He had a comfortable night and no sickness during the day.

General Porter is now three years old. He was side-de-camp to General Grant, Assistant Secretary of War in his Cabinet, for several years was executive secretary to President Grant and was Ambassador in France.

Austrian Cabinet Quits

In a Dispute Over Army Government, Headed by Dr. Renner, Had Been in Control Most of Time Since Armistice

VIENNA, June 11 (By the Associated Press).—The Austrian Cabinet, headed by Dr. Karl Renner as Chancellor, which has been administering the country's affairs for the greater part of the time since the armistice, has resigned.

Dr. Renner presented the resignation shortly after midnight, following a meeting of the Cabinet and representatives of the Social Democrats.

The break came unexpectedly over the Minister of War's decree on army discipline, which question was raised in the National Assembly yesterday by the Christian Socialists.

It is believed a new coalition Cabinet will be formed at once. The crisis was hastened by external events and the Glatz incident recently, when gendarmes fired into crowds demonstrating against profiteering in food, killing many. The reactionary anti-Semite demonstration of Monday was followed by Moarischist agitation.

Reports of a strong movement in Tyrol, Salzburg and portions of upper Austria to join Bavaria and create a Catholic kingdom under Prince Rupprecht also contributed to the fall of the government. Innsbruck newspapers have said that a Bavarian officer who was active to this end was in possession of 10,000 rifles and had received much money.

The protest against these reactionary events the Socialists decided to attempt to throw responsibility for the government upon the Christian Socialists and await the outcome.

Brooklyn Aviator Helps Poles Seize Bolshevik Train

Edward Corsi Drops Bomb Which Destroys Track; German Officers and Crew Were in Charge

WARSAW, June 11.—Another Bolshevik armored train, officered and manned by Germans with German machine guns, has been captured by the Poles near the Kiev bridgehead. Its capture is attributed by them to the performance of Captain Edward J. Corsi, of Brooklyn, a member of the Kosciuszko Aero Squadron, who, they say, flew beyond the train and cut the tracks by means of bombs. Polish infantrymen later captured the crew.

American Red Cross workers who strayed into the Bolshevik lines near the Kiev bridgehead recently were subjected to shell fire. All in the party, which consisted of Major Bruce Mohler, of Fremont, Ohio, Major Alfred Plankner, St. Paul, Minn., Captain Charles Phillips, New Richmond, Wis., and Sergeant Bennette Tyree, Lynchburg, Va., as chauffeur, escaped injury.

Medical supplies were being taken to the dressing stations when the shelling occurred. The party had made the trip the previous day, but during the night, known to the Americans, the outposts were withdrawn a few kilometers. They did not realize their position until the Bolsheviks began firing.

The great battle along the River Beresina was crowned yesterday with a great success for the Poles, according to the Polish official communiqué today. The Bolsheviks, says the statement, had concentrated nine divisions of infantry in this sector and tried to take the initiative by throwing all their forces into the attack.

Bitter fighting resulted, various positions changing hands frequently. The enemy, however, was defeated definitely on June 8, and the next day the Poles attacked and drove the Bolshevik forces beyond the Beresina taking 600 prisoners and capturing numerous machine guns.

In the Gorval region, at the junction of the Beresina and the Dniester, Polish detachments made a daring dash and destroyed fifty boats the Bolsheviks had prepared for crossing the river. North of Kiev, adds the statement, the Soviet forces are developing serious activities in the vicinity of Tchernobyl, near the junction of the Pripiet and the Dniester.

LONDON, June 11.—Bolshevik forces fighting north and south of Kiev have again advanced, according to a wireless message from Moscow, quoting an official statement issued there yesterday.

"In the Kiev region, on the right bank of the Dniester River, we continue to drive back the retreating enemy. On the left (east) bank of the Dniester, near Daria station, we have hung the enemy back to the right bank."

Marshal Helldorf Trial
Magistrate Reprimands Gaynor for Seizing Woman's Furniture
Michael J. Gaynor, city marshal, was held in the West Side police court yesterday for Special Sessions for trial on a charge of oppression in stripping the apartment of Sadie Cole, 338 Central Park West, of its furniture.

Magistrate Simpson reprimanded Gaynor, saying that he had no right to carry away the furniture, since he knew that it was Miss Cole's by right of purchase. Gaynor was acting on the authority of a judgment obtained against a former tenant of the apartment from whom Miss Cole had bought the furniture.

British Labor Envoys Plead For Bolsheviks

Delegates Urge Recognition of Soviet; Report Distress of Russian People Is Bar to Prosperity

Lenine Sends Message

Exhorts English Workers to Rise in Revolution; Note Causes Sensation

LONDON, June 11.—The first report of the British labor delegates who have just returned from an investigation of conditions in Soviet Russia was made public this evening.

The delegates declared themselves deeply impressed with the distress and disorganization which they found in Russia, the defection of the people and the extent of the government's interference with individual liberty. The report is said to be unanimous.

The report describes the blockade as injurious to the world and disastrous to Russia and makes reference to the epidemic of diseases to which the absence of soap and medical supplies has given full sway, although great efforts have been made toward sanitation. Denouncing the Polish war the report says:

"The appeal for creative work is being once more set aside in favor of an appeal of military enthusiasts, while the war conditions provide new pretexts for restricting individual liberty and preventing freedom of discussion."

The report says war rallies all parties to the defense of the country. It emphasizes the breakdown in manufactures through lack of raw material and advocates the immediate recognition of Russia.

The report was brought to England by Benjamin Turner and Tom Shaw, members of the delegation which visited Russia, for presentation to the labor congress at Scarborough. They brought also a letter from Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevik Premier, exhorting the workers to revolution in England, which has created a sensation.

Lenine criticizes the surprise expressed by the delegation at the "Red Terror," the suppression of freedom of the press and free assembly. He declares the "Red Terror" is the defense of the workingmen against exploiters, and that freedom of the press and assembly in a bourgeois democracy means freedom to go against the workingmen. In turn Lenine expresses surprise that the viewpoint of part of the delegation coincides with the bourgeoisie.

Reds Ready for Parley With Turk Nationalists

Bolshevik Note Asserts Principles Adopted by Angora Assembly Are Acceptable
MOSCOW, June 8 (By The Associated Press).—In response to a communication received in Moscow a fortnight ago from Mustafa Kemal Pasha, President of the Turkish Nationalist Assembly at Angora, expressing the desire of the Nationalist government to enter into diplomatic relations with Soviet Russia, George Tchitcherine, Bolshevik Foreign Minister, in a note dated June 7, offers to open diplomatic and consular relations.

The note expresses friendship and sympathy for the "new republic" and congratulates the Nationalist government on the efforts it has directed "against the imperialistic government in the interest of oppressed peoples."

It suggests an adjustment by mutual agreement of the frontiers of Turkey, Armenia and Persia. M. Tchitcherine at the same time offering to act as mediator.

M. Tchitcherine's communication asserts that the fundamental principles of the external policy of the Nationalist government, as adopted by the Angora Nationalist Assembly in February, are acceptable to the Soviet government. It defines these principles as follows:

Inclusion in the Turkish state of all territory incontestably Turkish, proclamation of the independence of Arabia and Syria, and the right of self-determination for Turkish Armenia, Kurdistan, Lazistan, Batum, Eastern Thrace and all Turkish and Arabian territories, a referendum to be held only after repatriation of the emigrants and refugees previously forced to leave their country. Recognition of the rights of national minorities in the new Turkish state on the same basis as those accorded national minorities in the most liberal states of Europe.

The question of the Dardanelles to be left to a conference of representatives of the states bordering on the Black Sea, and the abolition of economic control by foreign zones of influence of whatever character.

Greeks and Bulgars Fight
ATHENS, June 11.—Several clashes between Greek detachments and Bulgarian bands along the frontier are reported from Thrace.

Law Experts Deny Wilson Has Right to Sign Bills

From The Tribune's Washington Bureau
WASHINGTON, June 11.—Taking issue with the ruling of the Attorney General that the President has ten days in which to sign bills enacted by the last Congress, experts in constitutional law here today declared that the bills died with the Congress.

Some of those who differ with the opinion of the Attorney General quote a decision of the United States Supreme Court in the La Abra case, where the same question was raised as to the right of the President to sign measures after Congress had adjourned. The decision of the court was that the President did not have the power.

Only one precedent is found where a President did sign a bill after Congress adjourned and it became a law. This bill was signed by Lincoln on March 12, 1863. It provided for the collection of abandoned property and correction of fraud in insurrectionary districts within the United States. The following year the Judiciary Committee brought in an elaborate report, in which it was stated that the President had no right to sign that measure.

French Troops Evacuate Koritza to Albanians

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Official advice today reported that the province of Koritza, in southern Albania, has been evacuated by the French troops and turned over to the forces of the Albanian government. This is the first time the Albanians have been in control of their entire country since December, 1916, when the French army of the Orient occupied the southern portions in the campaign against Austria-Hungary. The Italians still occupy the port of Valona.

ATHENS, June 11.—Dispatches from Janina report that an Italian General has been made prisoner by Albanians and that Italian artillery has bombarded the village of Ouzati.

Court Ignored, City Busses Run In Brooklyn

Justice Cropsey's Ruling Upholding Injunction Held as Not Decisive by Municipal Counsel

Await Written Opinion

Traction Company Will Serve Chauffeurs With Notice if They Continue

Municipal buses were operating in Brooklyn last night despite the decision of the Court of Appeals yesterday upholding Justice Cropsey in issuing a preliminary injunction to the Brooklyn City Railway Company restraining the city from operating buses parallel to its lines. Colonel Emory F. Dyckman, of counsel for the railroad company, declared last night that if Mayor Hylan and his associates were "law abiding citizens" they would have ordered the suspension of the buses the moment they heard of the decision of the court.

Colonel Dyckman said he proposed to have the individual bus drivers served with a notice of the injunction today and expected the buses would be discontinued immediately.

Corporation Counsel O'Brien interpreted the decision along technical lines, and said last night that if it was necessary in order to continue the operation of buses the city would apply to the courts for a further stay in the matter. The Corporation Counsel pointed out

that the court wrote no opinion, merely deciding that the railroad company had good cause for action. It is expected, however, that as soon as Justice Cropsey signs the original injunction order, it will operate to stop at least the operation of the buses on the three Brooklyn lines complained of by the railroad company. Mr. O'Brien said:

"The appeal went up to the Court of Appeals on four certified questions. The court, answering the first question, certified in the affirmative and thus held that the complaint of the company set forth a good cause of action, and they deemed it unnecessary to answer the three other questions certified. The court wrote no opinion. In the absence of an opinion, I am unable to say how far the Court of Appeals concurs in the views expressed by the Appellate Division of the Second Department in their opinion sustaining Justice Cropsey, who granted the injunction."

"The decision of the Court of Appeals seems to be confined to narrow limits, and, in my view, does not decide a big, broad, salient question whether the city may not construct and operate its own buses upon the streets of the city. The complaint in this action, which is held by the decision to be a good complaint, dealt only with the peculiar situation. It is clear that other litigation involving many vital questions concerning municipally owned and operated bus lines is inevitable."

The four questions raised by the complainant were: Does a bus line competing constitute cause for action? Has the Board of Estimate power to authorize the operation of bus lines? Do the public service and transportation laws apply to these lines? Does Section 74 of the New York City charter permit franchise approvals for such lines?

Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structure, who has supervision of the municipal bus lines, declared that he would be guided by the opinion of the Corporation Counsel as to whether he should order the buses to discontinue operation. He said that

the decision at most effected only three of the Brooklyn bus lines, the Greenpoint line, the Park Slope line and the Flatbush Avenue line, which parallel lines of the Brooklyn City Railroad Company.

Lewis Nixon, Public Service Commissioner, declared that the effect of the decision was "that the unlawful operation of buses in this city must stop." Anticipating that the local authorities would stop the illegal bus operation, the Commissioner said, he had directed all the railroads to place all the equipment possible in service, so as to meet the demands of traffic.

Canners and Preservers Allocated Sugar Supply

Riley Arranges for 34,000,000 Pounds for Commercial Interests in Net Five Months

As the result of a conference of leading sugar refiners of the East yesterday afternoon, A. W. Riley, chief of the "Flying Squadron" of the Department of Justice, announced that 34,000,000 pounds of sugar would be available for commercial canners and preservers from June to October, inclusive.

The canners will be allocated 17,000,000 pounds for the five-month period and the preservers an equal amount. It will be given them at a reasonable price, according to Mr. Riley.

It was said that a questionnaire had been sent to each member of the canning and preserving industry and that after the survey had been completed it was ascertained that the industries each would require 17,000,000 pounds to tide them over until the end of October.

The desperate circumstances in which canners and preservers found themselves was explained to the refiners by Mr. Riley. The refiners said they had been and would continue to be greatly handicapped by insufficient transportation facilities.

Mother Believes Lost Baby Taken to Europe

Nurse Thinks Child Stranger Tried to Leave in Home May Be Coughlin Boy

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—In the first interview she had granted since her baby was kidnapped nine days ago Mrs. George H. Coughlin today expressed the belief that thirteen months' old Blakeley had been taken to Europe.

Mrs. Coughlin in a measure has recovered her poise. "A sense of humor," she said during the talk, "is the only thing, I believe, that has saved my reason."

A new clue to the whereabouts of Blakeley is being run down today by H. E. Watt, of Huntingdon, W. Va., the baby's uncle.

According to Miss Effie M. Davis, head nurse of the Home Nursing Hospital of Huntingdon, a travel-stained home yesterday applied for a room for a baby he had with him. The man was riding in an automobile that looked as though it had been driven many miles.

Miss Davis explained the hospital did not receive babies.

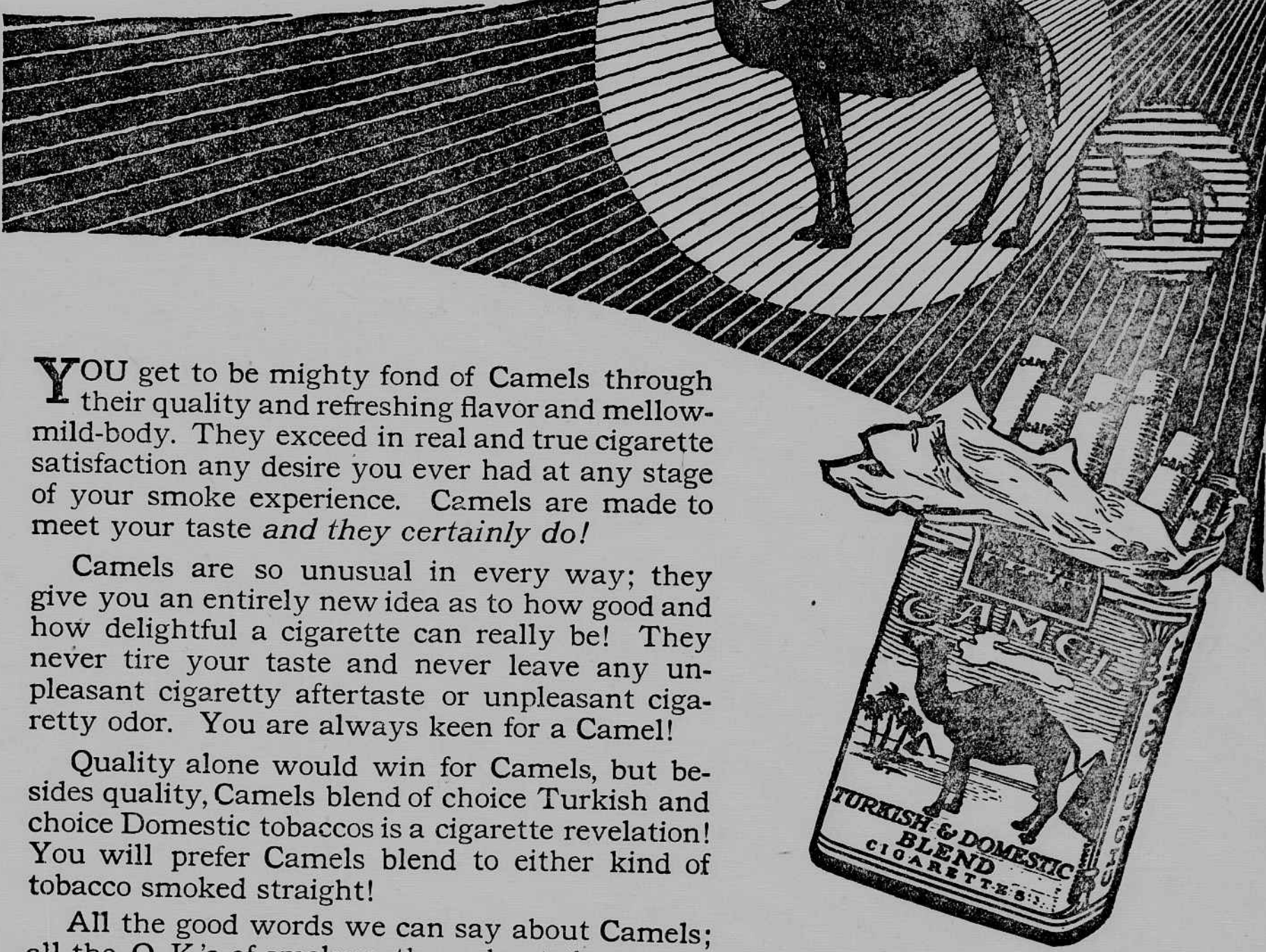
"I want somebody to look this child over," he said, "it comes from a good home in Pennsylvania and I am taking it back there." As the stranger turned away, Miss Davis told the police, she was struck by the similarity in appearance of the child to photographs published of Blakeley.

New U. S. Minister Here

Peter Augustus Jay, former secretary of the American Embassy at Rome and newly appointed United States Minister to the Republic of Salvador, arrived here yesterday on the steamer Patria from Naples and Marseille. He will visit his home in Rhode Island before starting for his new post.

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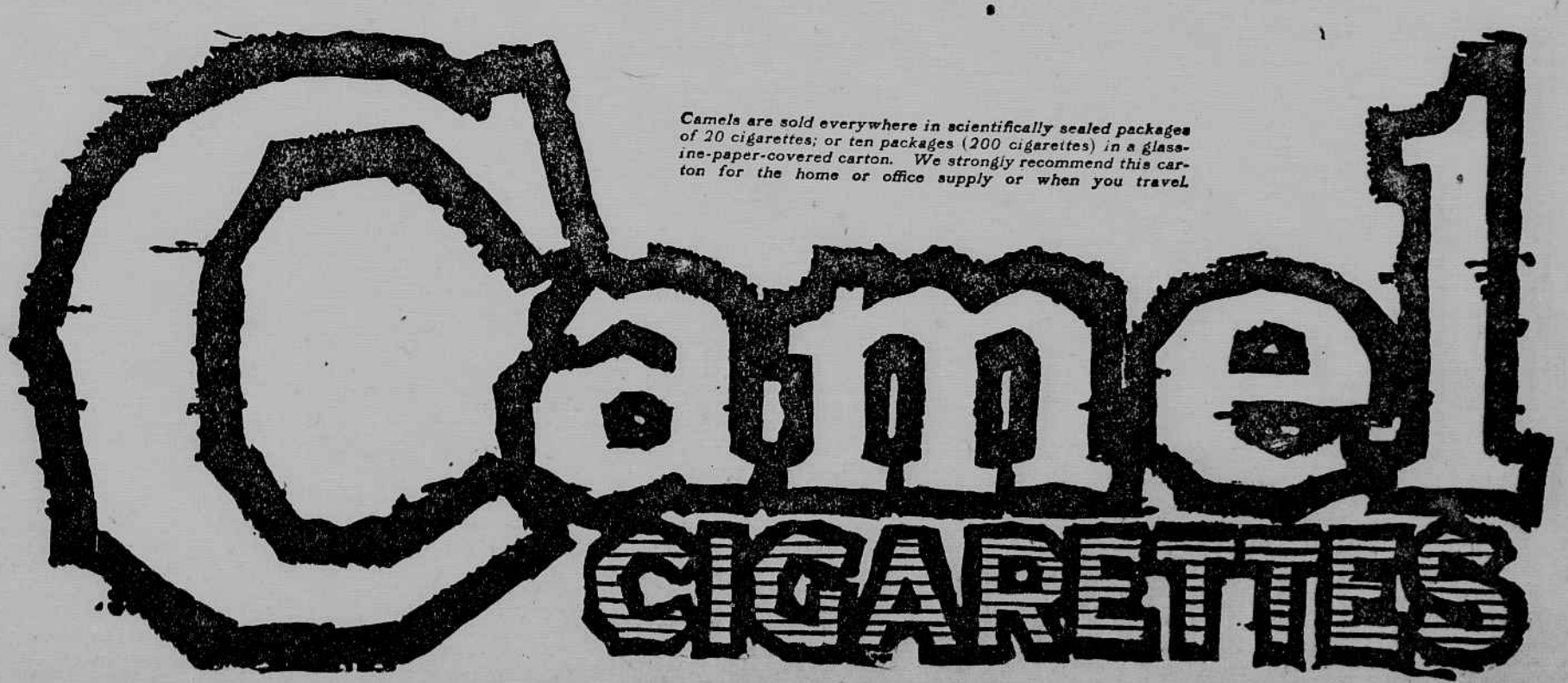
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